

## COAL UNTOUCHED.

It Still Remains Free on the Schedule.

All the Amendments Were Voted Down.

## STANDING ROOM ONLY.

Great Crowds Attend the House Night Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The house yesterday determined upon the abolition of the duty upon refined sugar, which was passed upon just before the house adjourned Monday night as an amendment to an amendment of Mr. Robertson of Louisiana. A way out of the confusion which existed upon the effect of the amendment adopted Monday night was found after a two hours' discussion of the parliamentary situation by submitting the question to the house as to whether the Warner amendment placing refined sugar on the free list should be considered as a substitute for the Robertson amendment. This was decided affirmatively and then by an overwhelming vote in which the Republicans joined with the radical Democrats against the sugar men and several members of the sugar and means committee that substitute was adopted. With regard to the sugar schedule, therefore, the committee of the whole has abolished the bounty and placed all sugar both refined and raw, upon the free list.

When it came to consider the coal schedule, however, the committee fared much better, and all four of the amendments designed to place a duty of from forty to seventy-five cents per ton upon coal were beaten. The debate upon the coal schedule developed a great deal of feeling among the southern members, especially those from Virginia, West Virginia, Tennessee and Alabama, whose states are interested either in coal or iron ore. The general impression is that the defeat of the sugar men and those who are interested in returning a duty upon coal will result in strengthening the movement developed on the Democratic side to recommend the bill. If the iron men are defeated to-day and especially if the income tax should be placed upon the bill as a rider later in the week, another strong factor on the Democratic side will be added to this movement. The Republicans will not vote for the motion to recommend, and with the Democrats who dare not vote against the bill outright, but who are not satisfied with it in its present form they may send it back to the committee.

This is now admitted to be the chief danger. If the bill could be brought to a direct vote there is no question about its passage.

**Standing room only** was the order governing the galleries at the night session of the house. Even standing room was in demand and there were crowds besieging every door and trying vainly to get inside. There was also a much better attendance of men, both on the floor than on any evening since that on which Mr. Bryan of Nebraska delivered his masterful speech.

**SENATE PROCEEDINGS.**

The Federal Elections Bill Debated by Wilson and Chandler.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Senator Peffer's resolution denying authority of the secretary of the treasury to issue the bonds now contemplated, was taken up yesterday and Senator Stewart took the floor favoring the resolution. When Senator Stewart concluded, the bill repealing the federal elections law was taken up.

Senator Wilson, Republican, of Iowa addressed the senate in opposition to the bill. "It is the duty of the government," said Mr. Wilson, "to so provide for proper legislation as to show correct returns of the ballots cast in accordance with the prevailing laws relating thereto. When these ends are accomplished this nation will be blessed with pure elections and correct returns."

At the end of Mr. Wilson's remarks Senator Cullom asked consent to take up the resolution of Senator Frye declaring against interference in Hawaiian affairs.

Senator Chandler of the Republican side was quite willing to extend the time to Senator Cullom for that purpose and allow the election bill to go over. "In fact," he said, "I will make even a broader proposition. I will suggest the bill repealing the elections law be allowed to go over until December 1 next, in the absence of any recommendation by the president of the United States that the bill should pass. I infer the president of the United States would be very willing to let these laws remain on the statute books and be tested at another election. Therefore, I suggest to the senate that the bill be allowed to go over till the first Monday of December."

Senator Gray, however, objected, and Senator Chandler then yielded to Senator Cullom.

At the end of Senator Cullom's remarks, a resolution was adopted requesting the president to communicate to the senate any correspondence exchanged between this and the governments of Colombia, Hayti and Venezuela since the proclamation issued by the president on March 13, 1890, levying duties on sugar, molasses, coffee, tea, hides, and other produce brought from those countries to the United States.

The federal election bill being again taken up, Senator Chandler replied to a recent speech of Senator West of Missouri on the operations of the federal elections law in 1874. He was interrupted at 4:45 with an executive session, and at 5 p.m. the senate adjourned.

**Information About the New Bonds.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Secretary Carlisle has issued a circular of instructions to bidders for the five per cent bonds to be issued by him February 1.

The bonds will be issued in the following denominations:

Coupon bonds, \$30, \$100 and \$1,000; registered bonds, \$50, \$1,000, and \$10,000.

Gold certificates will be received the same as gold coin in payment of subscriptions, but no payment should be made by any subscriber until he has been notified by the secretary that his subscription has been accepted.

**Civil Service Examinations Extended.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Secretary Morton of the agricultural department has informed Senator Martin that no further appointment of live stock inspectors under the quarantine service would be made except by civil service examination. These places pay \$200 a year, and the applicants before his eyes can be condemned, must pass a satisfactory examination as a veterinary surgeon. James A. Wilson, the Republican member of the Kansas legislature who voted for Martin for senator, has been appointed to one of these positions.

**SENATOR JONES' SILVER SPEECH.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—While the bill to repeal the purchasing clause of the Sherman act was before the senate last session, Mr. Jones of Nevada, occupied portions of over a week, at various times, in presenting his views of the question. Yesterday the official report of that voluminous speech appeared in the Congressional Record. It fills ninety-nine pages of that publication and has a special number of the Record assigned to it—being probably the first case of the kind that has occurred.

**Senator Allen on the Bond Injunction.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Senator Allen, Populist, of Nebraska, says his duties as a senator will not permit his acting as chief counsel for the Knights of Labor in their effort to enjoin the issuance of bonds, but that he has advised the selection of Judge Cole of Iowa as principal attorney and will assist him. He advises against an effort to enjoin the issuance of the bonds and suggests that an injunction be asked for against their payment when issued.

**The Missouri Marshaling Fight.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The Governor Francis and Jo Shelly had a conference last night which is disengaging some of the Missouri contingent. The rumor is that Francis agreed to take a hand in the fight for Shelly. It is claimed that he agreed to call on the president to-day, but Cleveland's unexpected departure will prevent carrying out this arrangement.

**Scott Harrison Likely to Hold On.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—In the face of the applications filed by Colonel A. W. Rogers of Warrenton and H. G. Craig, of Kansas City, for surveyor of the port, it was stated at the treasury that nothing had been done in the matter of naming another appointment, and at present nothing to indicate that Surveyor Harrison would be disturbed for some time.

**President Cleveland Attends a Funeral.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—President Cleveland left Washington last night for Hartford, Conn., to attend the funeral of Henry E. Hastings, his nephew. Mr. Cleveland was accompanied by Private Secretary Thurber and a valet.

**Dinner in the President.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The official dinner of Secretary and Miss Fletcher to the president and Mrs. Cleveland took place last night, but owing to the president's departure for New York he was unable to be present.

**Arrested for Embezzlement.**

LA CROSSE, Wis., Jan. 24.—Harry D. Glister, former cashier of the Linn County bank, has been arrested on the charge of embezzlement and released under \$1,000 bond.

**NEWS IN BRIEF.**

Eight men living near Pocatello, Tenn., have been arrested on a charge of plotting to rob a Memphis and Charleston train.

Alonzo Keene, a prominent farmer of Perry, Okla., brutally murdered his wife and child as the result of a family quarrel and then fled.

J. F. Whitacre & Co. of Kidderville, Mo., dry goods and clothing, has assigned to John L. Caskey, insolvent \$20,000 assets unknown.

Trustees of the Brodhead lumbermen are trying to devise ways and means of clearing it from debt. Dr. T. Image might then be induced to remain.

Twenty thousand pounds of beef arrived at Ashland, Wis., the dominion of Swift & Co., to the salient poor, and a committee is distributing it this afternoon.

John Oliver has struck a body of ore in the Champion mine in Poughkeepsie, Colorado, which assays thirty to fifty ounces of gold and \$30 to \$40 of silver to the ton.

Enough is known to say that the Ohio miners refuse to accept a reduction in wages by about 50 per cent.

It is reported that gold ore to the value of \$15,000 was taken from the Little Johnnie mine at Leadville in one day last week. This beats all Leadville records, the largest previous output for a single day being \$18,000 worth of silver ore taken from the Robert E. Lee.

Ben J. Good of Conestoga township, Pennsylvania, went to jail sooner than pay to his sister the portion of his mother's estate, amounting to \$600, which the auditors found her entitled to.

**The Most Pleasant Way**

Of preventing the grippe, colds, headaches and fevers is to use the liquid laxative remedy Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle, yet effective cleansing. To be benefited one must get the true remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. Fig syrup by all druggists in Soc and \$1 bottles.

Burns' anniversary celebration at Hamilton hall Thursday evening, will be a treat. Don't miss it.

Burns are absolutely painless when Dr. Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is promptly applied. This statement is true. A perfect remedy for skin diseases, chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure piles.

J. K. Jones

## HISSED BY SPORTS,

Troops that Arrived at Jacksonville so Treated.

Fight May Yet be Declared Off.

## CHECK IS ALL RIGHT.

Banker Said it Was Good as Gold.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 24.—The much talked of check for \$20,000, which represents the purse for which Corlett and Mitchell are to fight, has not yet gone down the back entry of time. It is yet an element in the equation and will remain so to the end. When Referee Kelley yesterday called upon the club to convert the check into cash, the club, in conference, decided not to do so until the fight was fought.

It was pointed out that should the money be openly placed as the prize for an illegal contest, and the contest should be declared illegal, those who are involved in such use of United States currency may become answerable under the federal laws.

As a result the club announced should an injunction be granted the cash for the check would be at once turned over to Mr. Kelley's order. If an injunction was not granted the fight would be declared off.

"Are you certain there is money behind that check?" was asked of Kelley.

"I went to the cashier of the First National bank," replied he, and asked him about it. His reply was that with the present injunction on the back of the check would be good as gold on the 20th of January, providing, of course, that the fight takes place. As the injunction stands at present you would not get the money until that time.

"Will you consent to referee the battle if the money is not in your hands before the contest?" was again asked.

"I will not," was the reply.

Mr. Kelley then said he had every confidence in the Davis club, and although rumors had been started that it was not popular, he thought they came from men who were trying to make capital from nothing. He believed, he said, that by Friday everything will be satisfactorily arranged.

Long-time evidence of the governor's position toward the Corbett-Mitchell fight presents itself in the arrival of Dr. C. S. Second, captain of the state militia, comprising four companies under command of Adjutant General Corbett and Major C. J. Lovell. Some 1,000 soldiers are far from pleased at the news, and grounds incited them to marching and parading through the streets, who are evidently sympathetic with the Davis club.

At the trial stopped the militia under command of their respective officers came marching out of the cars and soldier in high marching uniform and wearing regulation uniform. Something of a sensation occurred when the soldiers were passing in front of the globe saloon. All the way up the street they were met with hisses and taunting remarks from the saloon and windows and a great commotion created. In front of the globe saloon there was an unusually large crowd, which gave vent to displeasure by such a volume of hisses that it must have made the ears of the soldiers tingle. The hisses increased until the noise became a roar, when the soldiers suddenly, under an order from their captains, lowered their guns to a position to load and went through the motion whether they did it or not. The soldiers were very angry when they reached the saloon, and when the money was collected from the crowd and only received by ride.

There are 128 men in the battalion, divided up into Companies A, B, C and D. Lieutenant Davidson of Company A said the men had gone under great disadvantage. They were employed, with a very few exceptions, and found it inconvenient to get off. The men were very angry when they reached the armory, claiming the hisses and other insults which they were subjected to on the march from the saloon had left them with no good feelings toward the people of Jacksonville.

Concerning the proposition to adjourn the fight until later, Mitchell was very emphatic. He looked extremely disgusted when he heard of the possibility of a postponement until Saturday, and then remarked with a very few exceptions, and found it inconvenient to get off. The men were very angry when they reached the armory, claiming the hisses and other insults which they were subjected to on the march from the saloon had left them with no good feelings toward the people of Jacksonville.

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## A MEDICAL COLLEGE MOVE.

The Topeka Institution May Become Part of the State University.

An effort is being made on the part of the faculties of the Kansas Medical college and of the State university to make the medical college a special department of the State university.

An officer of the medical college speaking of the proposed union said this afternoon: "Yes, such a union is being considered, but nothing definite is been done or can be done until the regents of the State university take some action and their action would have to be followed by legislative enactment. We would consider such a union beneficial as it would no doubt bring us a large additional number of students, and we now have forty-two students enrolled.

"For over a year we have had a standing offer to come to the medical department of Baker university, but we have not accepted the offer. We consider Baker a good college, yet a union with the State university would be more desirable for us."

The officers of the medical college say they have delayed in filing their charter, and work on the proposed new college building will not be commenced until it is definitely known whether or not such a union can be effected.

**Populist Pence on Income Tax.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Representative Pence, Populist of Colorado, on behalf of the Populist element in congress, will offer an amendment to the income tax bill when it is under consideration in the house. The amendment he proposes does not change the phrasing of the bill as reported, but instead of a general 5 per cent tax on incomes, it provides for a graduated tax as follows: Two thousand five hundred dollars to \$10,000, 2 per cent; \$10,000 to \$20,000, 3 per cent; \$20,000 to \$100,000, 5 per cent.

**Half a Million for Good Roads.**

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 24.—J. S. Coxey of Massillon, Ohio, who is a good road advocate, announced yesterday that he intends to muster his band of followers and start for Washington overland and demand that congress issue \$500,000 for road improvements. Coxey will speak in every town on the way, and expects to have 100,000 followers before reaching Washington on May 1. Coxey has 100 houses and all of them will be in the procession. The last speech will be made from the capitol steps.

**Caterpillar Ready for a Raid.**

CORRYVILLE, Kan., Jan. 24.—Representative information has been received here that a large gang of desperados with the notorious Bill Dalton as the leader are camped a few miles south of this city, with the avowed object of making another raid on this town for the purpose of robbery and revenge. Steps have been taken to repel the threatening attack. The city has over 700 men organized and armed and the guards leading to town are closely guarded by sentinels night and day.

**Successes Out of \$9,000.**

TORONTO, Ohio, Jan. 24.—John G. Rohr, a wealthy retired farmer living on the land, learned yesterday that he had been injured by a boar's nephew. He called on Rohr several days ago, and as he was familiar with the family history, had little difficulty in obtaining a loan of \$9,000 until a check could come from the West. Rohr yesterday received a letter from the swindler, stating that he was enjoying the money.

**Not Identified.**

AURORA, Mo., Jan. 24.—The negro arrested at Springfield on suspicion of being the Marbury Hill brute passed through here yesterday afternoon in charge of Constable Berry, en route to the home of the injured Joquin girl for identification. The victim of the terrible assault, however, on his arrival at her home, declared that he was not the person, and he was released from custody.

**Bank Wrecker Knotted Convicted.**

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 24.—After deliberating for three hours the jury in the case of John H. Kettling, knocker of the defunct Southside savings bank, returned a verdict of "guilty of the second count." An